

Kam as an isolate within Niger- Congo?

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Comparative Niger-Congo (Villejuif, May 23,
2025)

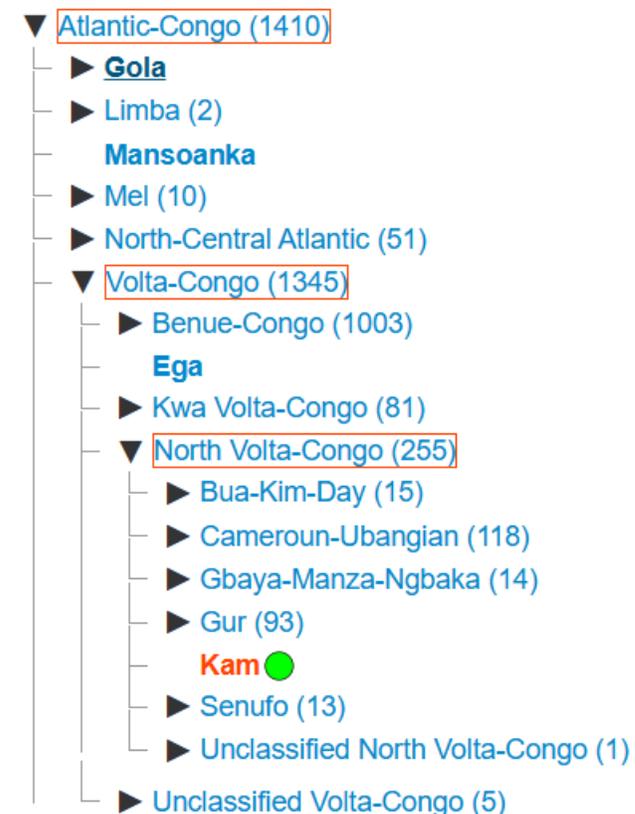
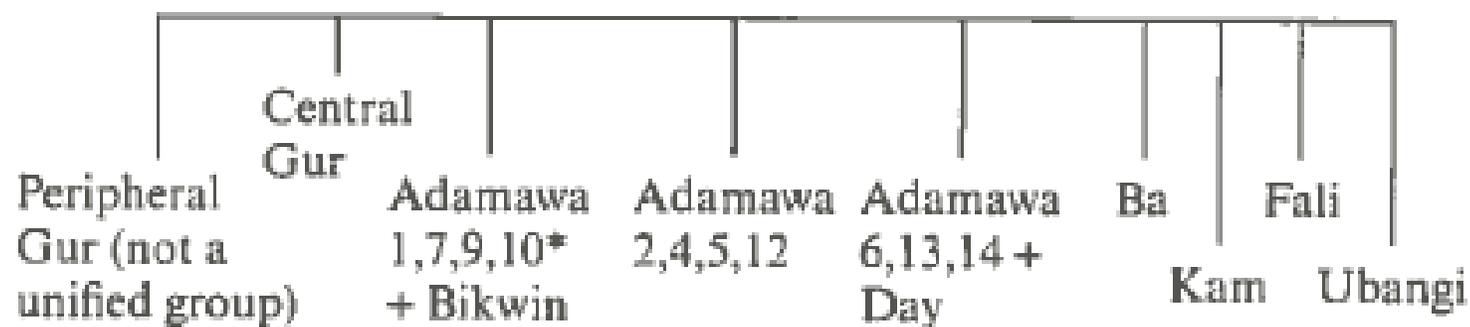


A very short introduction to Kam

- Traditionally classified as an outlier in Adamawa (Greenberg 1963; Boyd 1989)
- Small language (~ 10,000 speakers)
- Surrounded by Jukunoid, Mumuye, other 'Adamawa', ...
- Minimal segmental morphology
 - No noun classes
 - A few verbal extensions (but mostly SVC-strategies)



Kam resists neat classification



Williamson & Blench 1989; Hammarström et al.

2024

Introduction

Pronouns

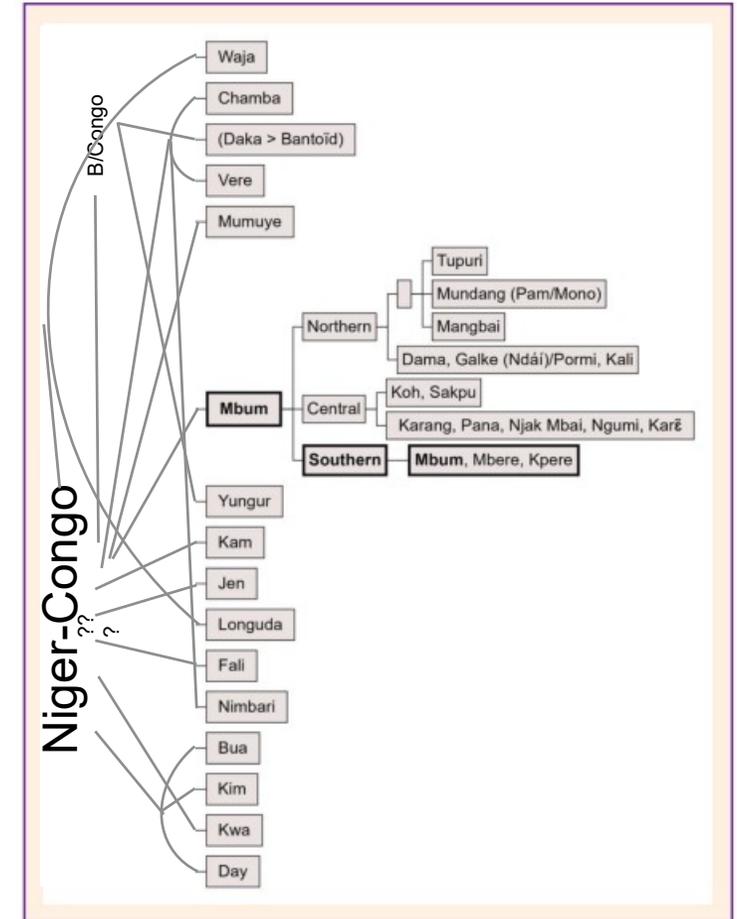
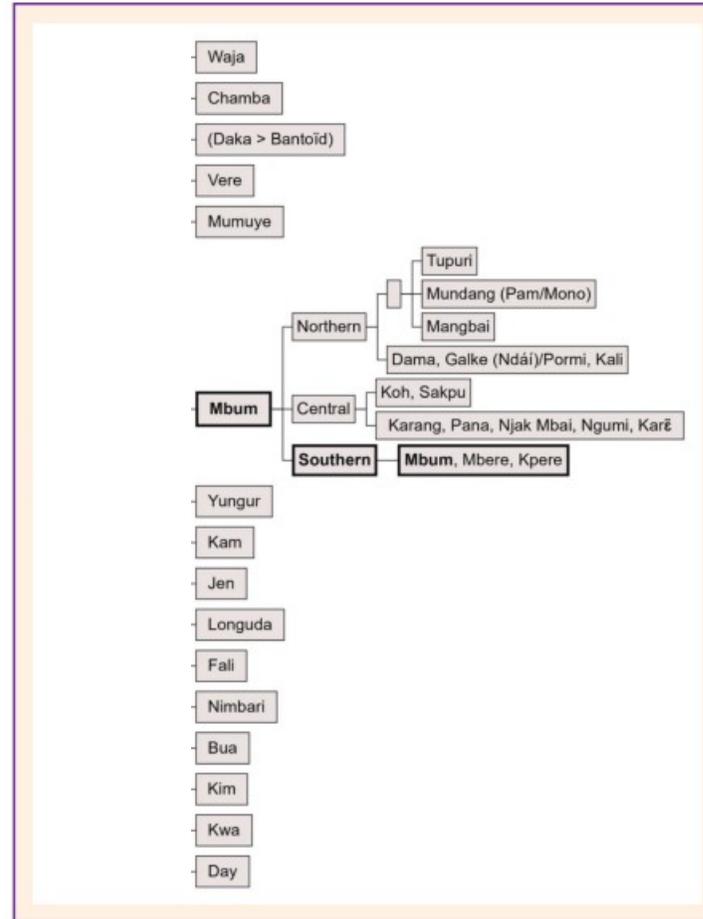
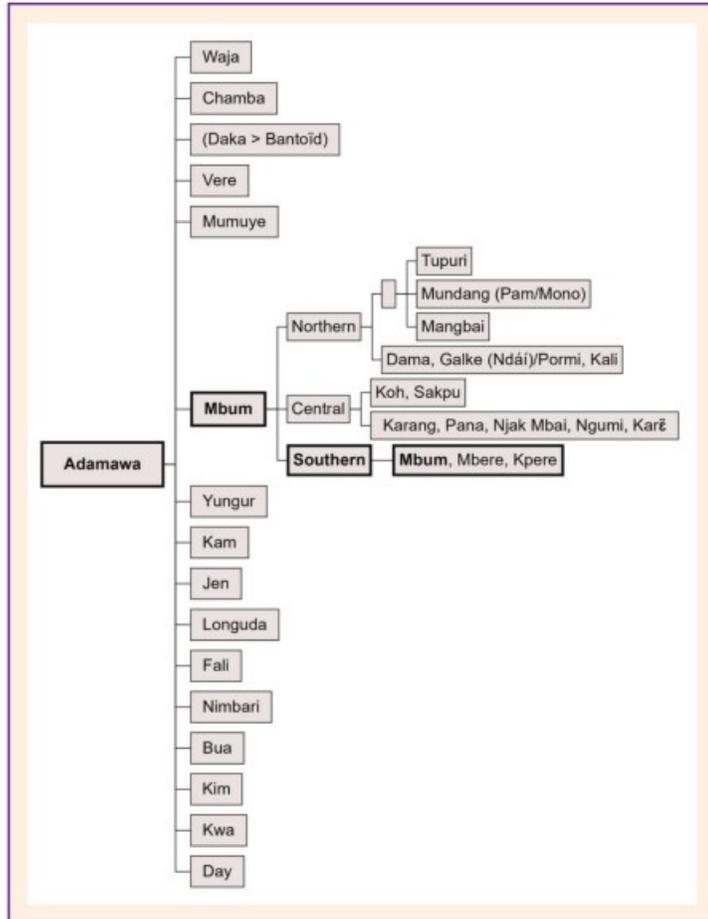
Numerals

Lexicon

Isolation?

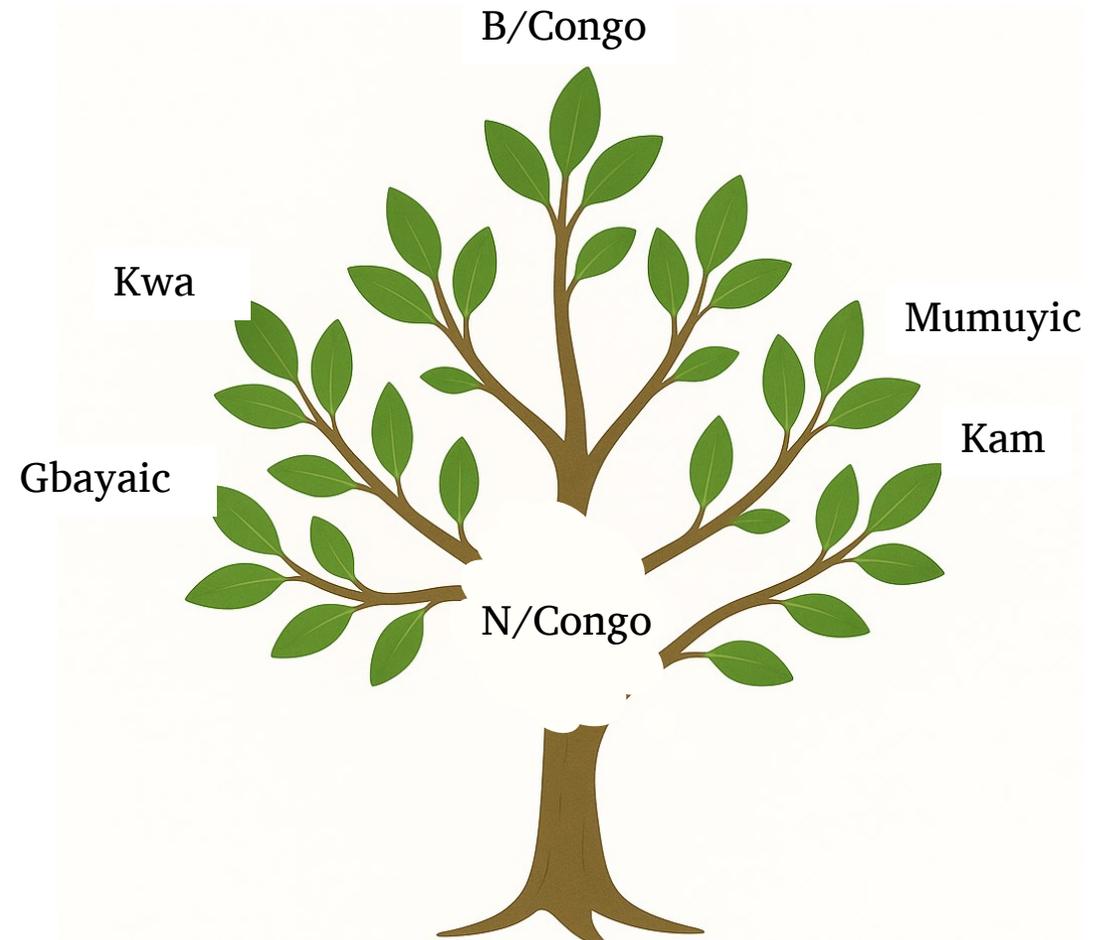
Next steps

Adamawa classification

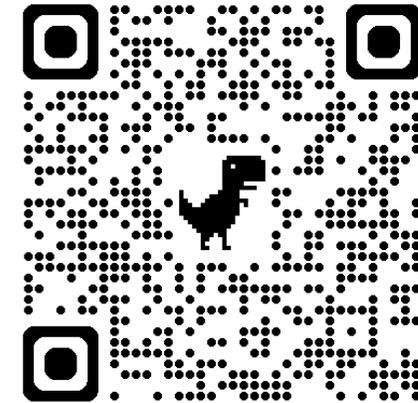


Claims of this talk

- Kam is a member of Niger-Congo
- But, for now, it can be considered an isolate (or separate branch) within the family



Framework and method



- First: focus on morphology and paradigms
- Second: look for shared lexical innovations
- Sources
 - Proto-NC Pronouns and numerals: Güldemann 2017, 2018, Babaev 2012 (replicated)
 - Intermediate reconstructions: RefLex + my own pseudo-reconstructions
 - Leipzig-Jakarta comparative wordlist: RefLex + my own pseudo-reconstructions
 - Data published as Lesage 2024 on Zenodo

	Semantic domain	Kam	Niger-Congo	Benue-Congo	BC-Proto-Bantu	BC-Jukunoid	BC-Proto-Eoid	BC-Delta-Cross	BC-DC-Proto-Upper-Cross	BC-DC-Proto-Lower-Cross	BC-Proto-Ukuaan	BC-Proto-Ring	Proto-Gbe	Potou-Akan	Mabia	Mumuyic	Proto-Gbaya	Proto-Fula-Sereer	
ant	animals	miré, kángáli; ájǎgǎri; ájǎg, kácirí			cádákú, cíci, pòká, pàdi	dan (Jukun-Mbembe-Wurbo), tùm (Yukuben-Kutep)													
arm/hand	body parts	ànyé	ba	bók, kón	bókó, kónó, námá	bu	ghU-bɔ / A	bók	bók	ù-bók / a-		kǐn							
surroundings		shé	bu(k)	bu(C), tór	bú, tó	bu	A-mhɔa	tón	tón	ń-tón		búd, dúmè			ba (Kurumfe-OtiVo na-V				
back	body parts	ngkúm	TVN	tím	jùmá, bóndá, cǎná, gòngò, tàkò	sírì (Yukuben-Kutep)	u-ka	dím	dímá	é-dém		ghéjǔ		tò	tóm (Kurumfe-Gur pung				
big	properties	bór			néné	kò, kyóm (Yukuben-Kutep), kón-a (Central-Jukunoid)	bhe			í-núgén		dumé				bang, bòrò			
bird	animals	núng	nu(n)	núN	dókú	njú (Yukuben-Kutep), niN (Central-Jukunoid)	A-pi / I	nún	nóná			núni				bang, núng		magw, yaaj	
bite	basic actions	kim	dOM	dóm(V)	cóm, dóm, tó	dwám		dóm	dómá	lóm		dómú			dum	yon, yil, kon		ngat	
bitter	properties	zírí	dúD	dúD	bán, cénngò, dód, kád	nón (Yukuben-Kuteb), dzón (Central-Jukunoid)												ngat	
black	properties	á' sǎgǎrì	pID	pít	jid, pí, pínd	b'ed, p'et (Jukun-Mbembe)	bi	bit	biná	bít		ghéjǔ			bid ~ bin	vi-rí, vi-V/-ng-rí		pán, pánjá	
blood	body parts	wò	yín	yín	condé, dòpá, nyingá	yín, sá (Jukun-Mbembe-Wurbo)	U-ɲ ~ ɲa / A	YIC	ɲip	ɲip		lúnḡ			nam ~ nim (Kurumi kpa-V, zing			tsk	
blow	basic actions	bír, káb	pup	pup(V)	póçp, pùng, pèèp, pép, púd	ta, wɛ-a (Central-Jukunoid)	phupho		g*uma, g*úna	fuút, fúm		póçp, tǎj, dúé		pu	fu			zúf	
bone	body parts	àkòb	KV(p)	kúp	kúpá, píndí	kup, fu (Kpan-icen)		k(ú)ip(V)	kúpá	ó-kpó		gúpé			zòb ~ zo	ka, kak-V		ghy ~ gi?	
breast	body parts	áví	bVD	baND	bambo, b'éédé, kòdò, tómbò	byan		báy	kúá	é-bá / a-		ghéjǔ			ghéjǔ	mín		bère	
burn (intr.)	surroundings	cém			báb, bábob, bák, pí, tumb	ton-a, vò (Jukun-Mbembe)	tochu					núK, tǎán, púmi, kú		pt	so (Kurumfe-OtiVo caa			béj, d's	
carry	basic actions	búsi, yág, cùg	to	caG(V)	cénd, jàngát, tót	tom-a, yab	coaGi		ttádí	bén		bòákí		pt	so (Kurumfe-OtiVo caa			sum	
child (kin term)	people	àci	Bl(m)		jána	ɲu (Central-Jukunoid), su (Jukun-Mbembe-Wurbo)	O-mo		gwáán / bá	ó-jén / e-		kpá, eʔé		to	so (Kurumfe-OtiVo)ta			tófj	
come	basic actions	pé	ba		bój, bú, dú, gád, jíj, púm	ba			ppu	di		bi			bi			bém	
crush/grind	basic actions	súr, nám			cé, cid, kój, kid, péd	ba			l	kók		ghéjǔ			bá, bá, vá, wá		e	té	
cry/weep/shout	basic actions	yé, cò			jàn, kój, díd, jám, kém, pám	s'arǎ (Jukun-Mbembe)			vic, vq	tto		ghéjǔ			wa (Gurusi-OtiVolta)			ghéj, hé	
do/make	basic actions	cùg, sín			gid, kit, tá, dém, páng, tënd	bu			dhu	te		nám			wá, wási			ghéj, hé	
dog	animals	wó	B(u)a	búa	bóá	bu		A-bhoa / I	búa	byá		búa			ávḡ		za-V, zaa	tòjò	
drink	basic actions	núng	NU	núo, tóm	núo, tóm	ngwam (Yukuben-Kutep), v* (Central-Jukunoid)		g*ád	g*ón			ng		nó	ba		boo	nó	
ear	body parts	àkár	tó(N)	tón	tói	tón	ghU-choGi / A	tón	ghéjǔ	ó-ton / a-		túnéd		tó	duŋ (Kurumfe-Gur co-V, coo			zéra	
eat	basic actions	nim	di	di	tí	díy		já	ghéjǔ	íá		ghéjǔ		tó	duŋ (Kurumfe-Gur co-V, coo			noŋ	
egg	animals	àb'èr	kyi	kyi	ghéjǔ	ghéjǔ		ghéjǔ	ghéjǔ	ghéjǔ		ghéjǔ		ghéjǔ	ghéjǔ	ghéjǔ			ghéjǔ
eye	body parts	ànmùg	ji	ji	jiçò	ghéjǔ		ghéjǔ	ghéjǔ	ghéjǔ		ghéjǔ		ghéjǔ	ghéjǔ	ghéjǔ			ghéjǔ
fall	basic actions	tár	KU(D), TuD	kú	bádád, gò, pón,	deŋ		tíd	tíd	dúwò		nḡ			cud (Kurumfe-Gurusi)			ghéjǔ	
far	properties	dáb			dái	dwan												ghéjǔ	
fire	surroundings	àlé			dídò, jíjá	da (Yukuben-Kutep), pí (Central-Jukunoid)		kwárǎ		k*ʼsn		búf			ya-V, yaa			ghéjǔ	
fish	animals	átábé			cómbs, cù, gòdá, kóngá, kéké	gyá	E-ch(í)anhi / I	tèn máni	é-ják / i-	é-bók		túa			ɲn (Kurumfe-Guru ya-V-zing, zing			zbrò	
flesh/meat	body parts	áfám	n(y)lam	nyam	nyamá, cúná, nòkú	byi	E-nhamh / I	tèn	ú-nám, ó-bók			dúa			nam ~ nem	yop-V, yopò		múr	
fly	animals	jó			ghéjǔ	k*ʼín, fú (Central-Jukunoid)	A-kiha / I	títirje	é-sún / n-			diá			jo (Kurumfe-OtiVolta)			zi	
give, share	basic actions	má, gáb	pa(n)		gá, jínk, pá, túp	ka, ndá (Yukuben-Kutep), dwe (Central-Jukunoid), ya/ɲi (Yá)g (Jukun-Mbembe-Wurbo)		ni	ni, nò	káúqá		dúú, gʼsí			pa ~ pan	a		ké, há	
go	basic actions	sáng, nyéb			ghéjǔ, gènd, pí, púm	ghéjǔ						ghéjǔ			to (Gurusi-OtiVol) daa, ra, kih, ya			né	
good	properties	lém			jàm, jíjá	síp, saǎ (Jukun-Mbembe-Wurbo), kyo (Mbembe)			ófs			dúpá, bánḡ			tròb, di			ghéjǔ	
hair	body parts	sírá			búdi, còkí, cingá, cití, jíúdt,	dzin			U-tg			tina, diǎa			ghéjǔ			búmú, míj, múj, múj-zú	
hard	properties	kpángí			kót, kac, kòd	wo			U-tg			ghéjǔ			kyu (Kurumfe-OtiVolta)			ghéjǔ	
hear/listen	basic actions	lég			jiǒ, pòdik	pwo						ghéjǔ						ghéjǔ	
heavy	properties	kpíngkpángí			dém, dítò	dab-á			kho	dób		kòbá, kóm			dúa			ghéjǔ	
hide	basic actions	wǎg, lè			bómbo, bímb, còk, píç	tám						ghéjǔ			dúú			ghéjǔ	
hit/beat/fight	basic actions	ghéjǔ, t	kón	kón	kóm, póm	ghéjǔ, daP (Jukun-Mbembe)		ghéjǔ, ca, gbeGi	kán, kpá, timi	ghéjǔ		kóm			so (Gurusi-OtiVolta), sog (Gurusi-OtiVolta)			ghéjǔ	
hom	body parts	àlmíní			bán, cénngò, jíjá, nyángá, pémbé	ghéjǔ			ghéjǔ	ghéjǔ		ghéjǔ			po (Kurumfe-OtiVolta), pom (Kurumfe-OtiVolta)			ghéjǔ	
house	tools	àngw'ág			bá, dígò, gánda, jò, jóbò, jombá	tam, pwu (Central-Jukunoid), dun (Jukun-Mbembe-Wurbo)			U-bhaGi ~ U-baGi			ghéjǔ			dan (Kurumfe-Gurusi), dt (Gurusi-OtiVolta)			ghéjǔ	
in	locations	ájé			dá, tí							ghéjǔ						ghéjǔ	
knee	body parts	álúú	duD	diúD	bóngò, dúú, keto	yi (Central-Jukunoid)		ghéjǔ	ghéjǔ	é-lòg / n-		ghéjǔ			dum ~ dun	ghéjǔ		ghéjǔ	
know	basic actions	mási			jíjib, mánɲ	ghéjǔ		ghéjǔ	ghéjǔ	ghéjǔ		ghéjǔ			jam (Gurusi-OtiV z			ghéjǔ	
laugh	basic actions	móm	mam	gi(y)AK, mam	cék, cép, jód	swáǎ, yuen (Jukun-Mbembe-Wurbo)		ghéjǔ	ghéjǔ	cák		ghéjǔ			mo (Kurumfe-Gurusi)			ghéjǔ	
leaf	plants	àbirág	BV		báde, jáni, kájá	tin (Yukuben-Kuteb), jí (Central-Jukunoid)		k*ar	U-fán / i- / m-			ghéjǔ			ya ~ van ~ vo ~ vor	bál-V, gáp-V		ghéjǔ	
leg/foot	body parts	àbǎg			cákú, gòdò, kónó, námá, píndí, téné	pwán, baT (Jukun-Mbembe),			U-dia / A			ghéjǔ			na (Kurumfe-OtiVo do-V, doo			ghéjǔ	
liver	properties	púpwáb			bádí, tímá				U-dia / A			ghéjǔ			co (Gurusi-OtiVol) síng, búr-V, bur-V			ghéjǔ	
long	properties	búmbóm			dái, tádí				dedhi			ghéjǔ						ghéjǔ	
louse	animals	rík'kng			dá(N)	pít (Central-Jukunoid)			A-du	dán		ghéjǔ						ghéjǔ	
mouth	body parts	ngwé			dómò, nòá	ndut		E-nu* / I	má	í-núá		ghéjǔ			dúú			ghéjǔ	
name	body parts	gán	YID	gíd	jíná, kómbó	ghéjǔ		dín	díná, kóm	é-jén		ghéjǔ			dít, gid			ghéjǔ	
navel	body parts	sú			kòbú, tòtò	kóm			U-kihi / i	kóp		ghéjǔ			ókpòdú			ghéjǔ	
neck, throat	body parts	àg'èr, ghékúr'g	kòD(V)	TU, (K)Udò(g)(V)	kingò, kòti, kòbò	tu						kòdá, méná			òd'ègV		tḡnú, mǎin, dḡn	kò	
new	properties	àngwi			piá (?)	pi		pha	pá(y)			ghéjǔ			ghéjǔ			ghéjǔ	
night, darkness	surroundings	àbǎg'á, ntab	ZA	túku	tíkò, etká, pí	pup, tuk		A-cga / I	ghéjǔ	ghéjǔ		ghéjǔ			piké			ghéjǔ	
nose	body parts	àmiring			bómbo, jódò, pòdá	win		1-chuqí ~ 1-chuqel / A		í-búkò		ghéjǔ			dúú, tḡn			ghéjǔ	
not	properties	há										ghéjǔ			ghéjǔ			ghéjǔ	
old	properties	á' sǎmirí			kóng					témá		ghéjǔ			ghéjǔ			ghéjǔ	
one	numerals	b'í			mò, ókò	yín, ndo			ghéjǔ	ghéjǔ		ghéjǔ			ghéjǔ			ghéjǔ	
rain	surroundings	rípòp			bòdá	tú, fwín (Central-Jukunoid), byín (Yukuben-Kutep)			bod	é-dím		ghéjǔ			ghéjǔ			ghéjǔ	
red	properties	dòm			bnd, ghòdá, koco, kòdá, kòndò, kubad, pt, td	ban, gbá (Jukun-Mbembe), kpú (Mbembe)		bha		kòdá		ghéjǔ			ghéjǔ			ghéjǔ	
root	plants	lúkóm, àl'gǎrì, diráng b'èr	DID	tid	ghéjǔ, kòdò, tiná	kwáP, déN (Central-Jukunoid)			dín	tina, diǎa		ghéjǔ			ó-lòg			ghéjǔ	
rope	tools	h'cùn			dik, kuD	dít, dik		U-dhiɲ ~ U-dhi / A	dik	díki, kíadó		ghéjǔ			ghéjǔ			ghéjǔ	
run	basic actions	téig			bótók, cééc, gòdók, jítoç, mat, pót	tèt						ghéjǔ						ghéjǔ	
salt	surroundings	súns'g, h'sǎg			jinyó	ghéjǔ			ghéjǔ	ghéjǔ		ghéjǔ						ghéjǔ	
sand/dust	surroundings	àlásiné, gúru			céké, cénngá, bú, budu, gúmbi, kóngó, todó	búj, sa (Yukuben-Kutep), but (Central-Jukunoid)			bu	núgò		ghéjǔ			dýé, gyé			ghéjǔ	
say/tell	basic actions	bén, càr			gid, tí, tét, bíd, bóód, càpòd, cím, gán	ta, dún-a (Central-Jukunoid), dzá (Mbembe), tsé (Wurbo)			ta, waGi	ttáǎǎ		ghéjǔ			dá, móá, pòki, dájí			ghéjǔ	
see, watch	basic actions	dǎg, j'èrì			bón	sá, di (Central-Jukunoid), vvé (Jukun-Mbembe)			bóná, yén	kút, cé		ghéjǔ						ghéjǔ	
shade/shadow	surroundings	zúzurá			dúdi, tóndi	vwín						ghéjǔ						ghéjǔ	
skin/hide/bark/cover	body parts	là, kpá	ko	ku(a)	bídi, coco, gòbò, kòkò, kòtò, kándá, kòbá, pò, pòçò, pápá, goda	kwa, foP, kók		U-pha / I	kpá(y)	kpáy		ghéjǔ			éy*é, ikó			ghéjǔ	
small	properties	ánté			ké, níó, tóó	fyi, di (Jukun-Mbembe-Wurbo), ba (Mbembe)													

Pronouns – a morphological anchor

	Kam	Niger-Congo
1sg	m	°mV (front)
2sg	a	°mV (back)
1pl	yùrù	°TV (close)
2pl	nyò	°NV (close)
3sg	ú	°O
3pl	í	°ba

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Pronouns – a morphological anchor

	Kam	N/Congo	Mumuyic	C/Mabia	(P/)Akanic	Gbe	B/Congo	Gbayaic
1sg	m	°mV (front)	°mì	*mV	*mE	mV, NE	°w(U)	*mí
2sg	a	°mV (back)	°mò	*bV, *(f)V	*wO, *fO	*o	°w(U)	*mé
1pl	yùrù	°TV (close)	°wO, °rO	*tV	*yε	*mì	°DI	*ḷé
2pl	nyò	°NV (close)	°noO	*(n)yV	*mO	*mi	°NI	*né
3sg	ú	°O	°wú	*u, *a	*O		°O	*ʔà
3pl	í	°ba	°rí, °yí	*ba	*bA		°ba	*wà

Pronouns – a morphological anchor

	Kam	N/Congo	Mumuyic	C/Mabia	(P/)Akanic	Gbe	B/Congo	Gbayaic
1sg	m	°mV (front)	°mì	*mV	*mE	mV, NE	°w(U)	*mí
2sg	a	°mV (back)	°mò	*bV, *(f)V	*wO, *fO	*o	°w(U)	*mé
1pl	yùrù	°TV (close)	°wO, °rO	*tV	*yε	*mì	°DI	*ḷé
2pl	nyò	°NV (close)	°noO	*(n)yV	*mO	*mi	°NI	*né
3sg	ú	°O	°wú	*u, *a	*O		°O	*ʔà
3pl	í	°ba	°rí, °yí	*ba	*bA		°ba	*wà

Lower numerals – conservatively Niger-Congo

	Kam	Niger-Congo
Two	yīrāg	°Ri
Three	càr	°ta(C)
Four	̀nnár	°na(C)
Five	̀ngwún	°nU

Lower numerals – conservatively Niger-Congo

	Kam	N/Congo	Mumuyic	C/Mabia	(P/)Akanic	Gbe	B/Congo	Gbayaic
Two	yīrāg	°Ri	*ziti	*yi, *de	*(-)nȳ	*bè, *vè, *wè	°Bà	* íitò
Three	càr	°ta(C)	*tati	*ta ~ tan	*-tã	*o	°tátV	*tàr(à)
Four	̀̀nár	°na(C)	*dneeti	*na, *naasi	*-nã	*mì	°naD	*nár(á)
Five	̀̀ngwún	°nU	*màáńi (?)	*nom, *nu		*àṭ (?)	°tán(V)	*mò̀̀ró, *mò̀̀r-ḳ (?)

Lower numerals – conservatively Niger-Congo

	Kam	N/Congo	Mumuyic	C/Mabia	(P/)Akanic	Gbe	B/Congo	Gbayaic
Two	yīrāg	°Ri	*ziti	*yi, *de	*(-)nyɔ̃	*bè, *vè, *wè	°Bà	* íitò
Three	càr	°ta(C)	*tati	*ta ~ tan	*-tã	*o	°tátV	*tàr(à)
Four	̀̀nár	°na(C)	*dneeti	*na, *naasi	*-nã	*mì	°naD	*nár(á)
Five	̀̀ngwún	°nU	*màáńi (?)	*nom, *nu		*àtɔ̃ (?)	°tán(V)	*mò̀̀rɔ̃, *mò̀̀r-kɔ̃ (?)

Kam retains some key NC reflexes (cf. Seeger 2008)

Table 4 – Diagnostic Niger-Congo vocabulary in Kam and elsewhere: nouns

	person	wood/tree	tongue	tooth	ear	Source
Kam	nyí	bër	àlímíní	àshàg	àkàr	Leage 2020
Proto-NC	*nI	*ti	*dIm	*nyɪN	*tó(n)	Mysaf
Mumuyic	*cɔ-ng, *ze-ng	*la-V	*dè-V-ng-ti	*tná-li/-ri	*co-V, *coo	Shimizu 1979
Central Mabia	*nt ~ nu ~ non	*tl	*dedm	*ye	*dɪng	Mansaray 1979
Gbe	*bè	*tí	*dɛ́	*àdú	*tó	Cugo 1991
Potou-Akanic					*-tũ	Stewart 2002
Benue-Congo	*nI(D)	*tí(C)	*dIm		*tóŋ	Mysaf
< Proto-Bantu	*ntu	*tí	*dɪmì	*jínò	*tòì	Bazin et al. 2002
< Jukunoid	*ngiT	*kun	*ri-/a-déma	*gʸín	*ku-/a-tóŋ	Shimizu 1971a
< Edoid		*U-thaj / I	*U-dhamht / A	*dhI-kɿ / A	*ghU-chɔGi / A	Elugbe 1989
< Delta-Cross		*té			*tóŋ	Mysaf
<< Upper	*nèd, *nòd	*tté	*mèná	*ttàn	*ttóŋì	Dimmendaal 1978
<< Lower		*í-fíá, é-tíé	*é-lémè / a-	*é-dèt / a-	*ú-toŋ / a-	Connell 1991
< Ukaan	*ðní	*ðhúnv̄	*ènyɔ̄	*ònyùgV	*òrùgV	Abiodun 1999
< Ring	*gúdò	*túák	*dánì, dómì	*dídè, túŋò	*túndè	Paulin 1995
Gbayaic	*wí	tè	*lébé, lémbè	*nyín	*zèrà	Mofino 1995
Proto-Fula-Sereer	*ʔiin		*de(le)m	*nyiny	*nof	Pordniakov 2022

Kam retains some key NC reflexes (cf. Seeger 2008)

Table 5 – Diagnostic Niger-Congo vocabulary in Kam and elsewhere: verbs

	<u>bite</u>	<u>swallow</u>	<u>eat</u>	<u>drink</u>	<u>spit</u>
Kam	kìm, nìm	mèr	nìm	núng	tògí
Proto-NC	°dOM	°mID	°di	°no	°tu(t)
Mumuyic	*yɔn		*caa	*boo	
Central Mabilia	*dum		*di	*nyo	*tu
Gbe	*dò	*bĩ	*dù	*dò	
Potou-Akanic		*-mĩfĩ		*-nũ	
Benue-Congo	°dóm(V)	°mèd	°di	°NU	°tú
< Proto-Bantu	*còm (?), *dóm	*mìd	*dí	*nyó	*tú
< Jukunoid	*dwàm	*mèn	*dvi	*ɲgwam	
< Edoid		*dhəɻ	*dhu	*yɔɔ	
< Delta-Cross	°dóm	°mèn	°já		
<< Upper Cross	*dómà	*mèn	*já	*gʷád	*tú
<< Lower Cross	*lóm	*mèn	*líá	*ngʷóng	
< Ukaan	*yóm	*mĩ	*yé	*tòdhV	*cúfə
< Ring	*dómù	*mìé	*dúè	*nú ^ˆ , *mú	*túò
Gbayaic		*gúr	*nyóng	*nó	
Proto-Fula-Sereer	<u>nat</u>	*mʊɗ	*nyaam (?)	*yer	* Tuɗ

Basic lexical similarity

Likely cognates overlap order	Likely cog overlap %	Possible cognates overlap order	Possible cog overlap %
Proto-Niger-Congo	45% (17/39)	Proto-Niger-Congo	54% (21/39)
Proto-Benue-Congo	24% (13/55)	Proto-Potou-Akanic	40% (8/20)
Mumuyic	22% (12/54)	Proto-Benue-Congo	38% (21/55)
Proto-Central-Mabia	20% (13/64)	Mumuyic	30% (16/54)
Proto-Potou-Akanic	20% (4/20)	Proto-Central-Mabia	29% (18/64)
Proto-Gbe	15% (8/54)	Proto-Gbaya	17% (15/86)
Proto-Gbaya	12% (10/86)	Proto-Gbe	17% (9/54)
Proto-Fula-Sereer	3% (2/68)	Proto-Fula-Sereer	7% (5/68)

Overlaps reflect retentions, not innovations

- Kam *wó* ‘dog’ matches Benue-Congo *°búà* → shared retention
- Likely inherited from Proto-Niger-Congo *°B(u|a)*
- Mumuyic has *°zaa* → innovated form, not shared with Kam

- Very few candidates for shared innovations:
 - ànùng* ‘eye’ ~ Mumuyic *°nung*
 - bòr* ‘grow’ ~ Mumuyic *°bòrò* ‘big’
 - jò* ‘fly’ ~ Mabilia (some) **jo*
 - nàm* ‘grind’ ~ Mabilia **nam* ‘crush’

Potential regular sound correspondences: only shared retentions and Kam-specific innovations

- Shared retentions

- **n ~ n**: Kam *núng* ‘bird’ ~ BC $^{\circ}nùN$, Mumuyic *jaV-nung*, Gbaya *nóí*; Kam *núng* ‘drink’ ~ Potou-Akanic *-nũ*, Gbaya *nó*
- **k ~ k**: Kam *àkùb* ‘bone’ ~ $^{\circ}kúp$, Mumuyic $^{\circ}ka$; Kam *ngkùròg* ‘throat’ ~ BC $^{\circ}(k)Udòg$, Gbe *kò*, Potou-Akanic *-kɔnĩ*

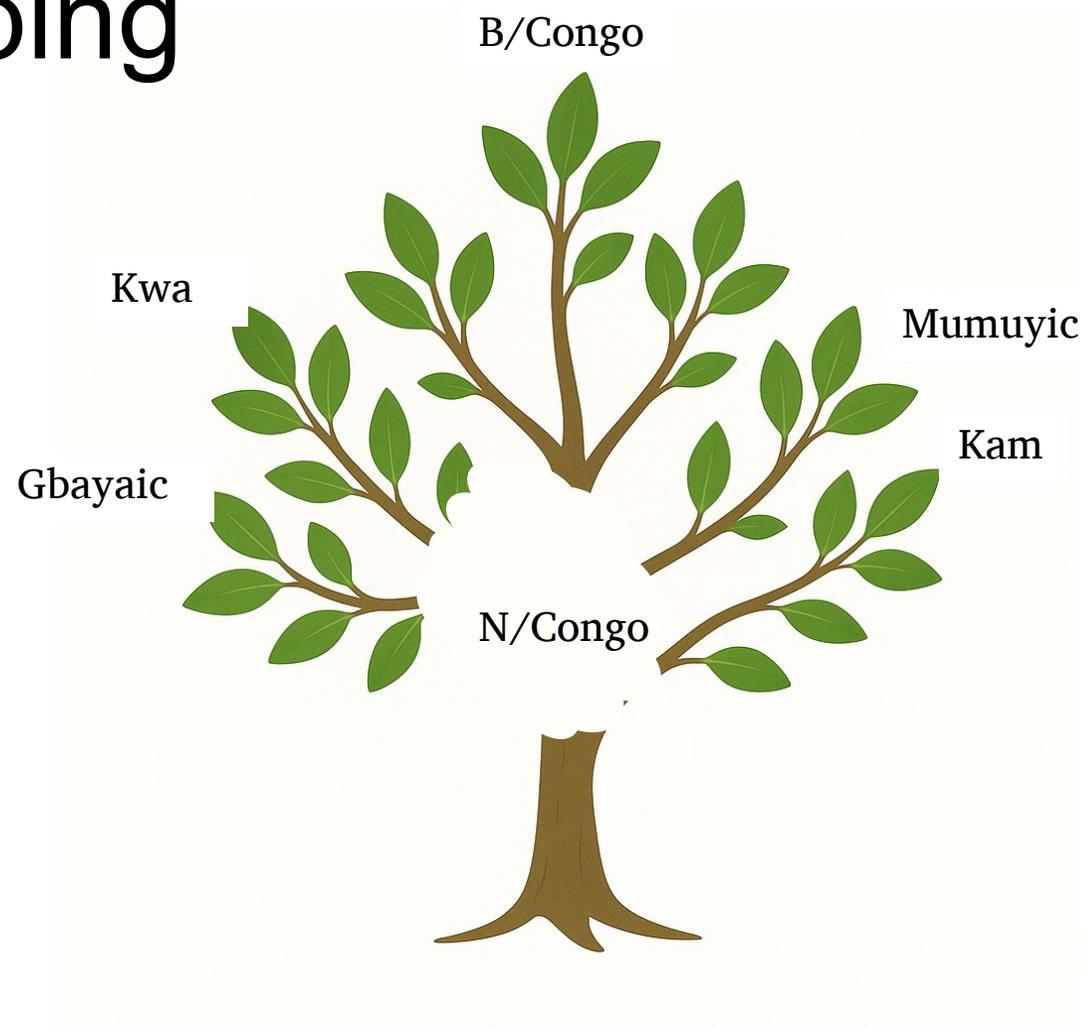
- Kam-specific innovations

- **l ~ d**: Kam *àlúlù* ‘knee’ ~ BC $^{\circ}dúD$, Mabia *dun*; Kam *àlímíní* ‘tongue’ ~ BC $^{\circ}dIm$, Mabia *dedm*
- **Bilabial + a → ɔ / o**: Kam *wó* ‘dog’ ~ BC $^{\circ}búà$, Mabia *ba*; Kam *mòm* ‘laugh’ ~ BC $^{\circ}mam$, Mabia $^{\circ}mo$, Gbaya *mám*
- **Merger of u, ʊ, o → u**: Kam *núng* ‘bird/drink’ ~ BC $^{\circ}nùN$, Potou-Akanic *-nũ*, Mabia *nyo*, Gbaya *nó*; Kam *ú* ‘3sg’ ~ Mumuyic $^{\circ}wú$, Mabia *ʊ*, Ukaan *ò*, Delta-Cross $^{\circ}o$

Indications for subgrouping

- 3pl pronoun *í* ~ Mumuyic *°yí*
- Lexical innovations?
 - ànùng* 'eye' ~ Mumuyic *°nung*
 - b̀̀r* 'grow' ~ Mumuyic
 - °b̀̀r̀̀* 'big'
 - j̀̀* 'fly' ~ Mabilia (some) **jo*
 - ǹ̀m* 'grind' ~ Mabilia **nam* 'crush'

- (Prosodic prefixes in Jukunoid: *à.ǹ̀ng*, *à.l̀̀m̀̀ǹ̀i*, *à.sh̀̀g̀̀*, *ǹ̀g.ẁ̀ǹ̀*, *ǹ̀g.k̀̀r̀̀d̀̀g̀̀*, *à.k̀̀r̀̀*)





Is this enough?

Sayizuwari Garba Tabo et al. discuss Kam-Mumuye history (2021)

Introduction

Pronouns

Numerals

Lexicon

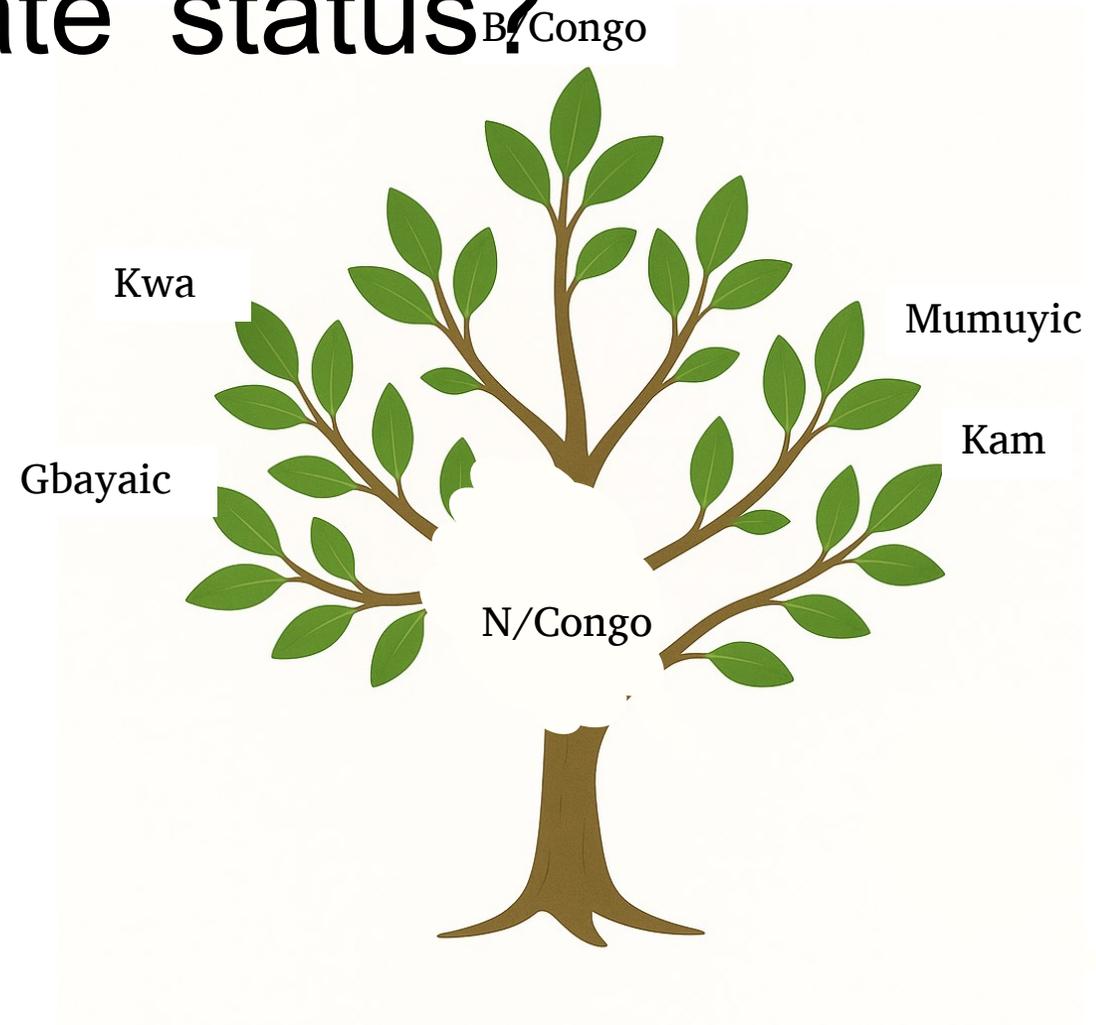
Isolation?

Next steps

Is there a case for 'isolate' status?

No clear subgroup affiliation + strong NC alignment means that Kam should be considered an **internal isolate**.

(And if it isn't, let's consider this the 0-hypothesis to encourage more discussion.)



Why is it so hard to classify Kam?

The grammar and lexicon of Kam combine early **genealogical divergence** with **centuries of intense contact** – with other Niger-Congo languages and possibly with unrelated languages.

(+ very little morphology)



What do the contact layers hide?



- More clues for **subgrouping**?
- An ‘actual’ **isolate** remnant of an early split-off group?

Takeaways

- Kam = Niger-Congo
- For now: Kam \neq Benue-Congo, Mabilia, Mumuyic ... (yet)
- Possibly: an ungrouped lineage with layers of contact



How do we move forward?



- Expand the sample
 - Of words (e.g. other reconstructions, semantic shifts)
 - Of languages (e.g. other 'Adamawa' + sub-groups)
- We need more sub-NC reconstruction
- Teasing apart contact layers



Building G/Alkali bridge (filmed by Gambo Musa & Safiya Hamidu for Kam Documentation in May 2025)



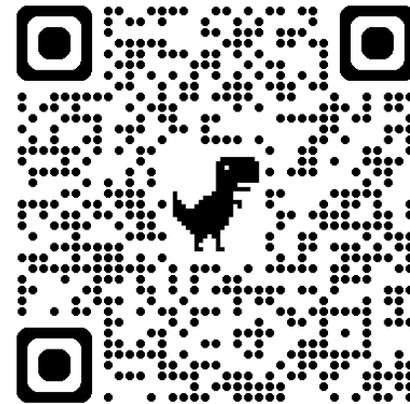
Help us move forward!

Comments, comparisons,
collaboration?

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Building G/Alkali bridge (filmed by Gambo Musa & Safiya Hamidu for Kam documentation in May 2025)



Data!

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